

Oracle Database: Data Guard Administration Workshop

Course code: ORDG

Kurz je určen pro administrátory, kteří budou nasazovat a administrovat vysokou dostupnost pomocí logických, fyzických a snapshot standby databází. Na kurzu se naučíte vytvořit fyzickou, logickou i snapshot standby databázi, nastavit mód ochrany, usnadnit si práci pomocí Data Guard Brokera, prohodit role primární a standby databáze (switchover a failover), zálohovat na fyzické standby databázi, monitorovat a provádět administraci konfigurovaného řešení.

Co Vás naučíme

- Use Data Guard standby databases to support production functions such as reporting, querying, testing, and performing backups
- Create and manage physical and logical standby databases
- Use Enterprise Manager Grid Control and the Data Guard command-line interface (DGMGRL) to maintain a Data Guard configuration
- Use Data Guard to achieve a highly available Oracle database

Požadované vstupní znalosti

- Oracle Database: Administration Workshop
- Oracle Database: Administration Workshop II

Osnova kurzu

Introduction to Oracle Data Guard

- Causes of Data Loss
- Oracle Data Guard Architecture
- Types of Standby Databases (benefits of each type)
- Using the Data Guard Broker
- Differentiating Between Standby Databases and Data Guard Broker Configuration
- Data Protection Modes
- Performing Role Transitions

Creating a Physical Standby Database by Using SQL and RMAN Commands

- Preparing the Primary Database
- Creating the Physical Standby Database

Oracle Data Guard Broker: Overview

- Oracle Data Guard Broker Features
- Oracle Data Guard Broker Configurations
- Data Guard Monitor Process
- Data Guard Monitor Configuration Files
- Benefits of Using the Data Guard Broker
- Comparing Configuration Management With and Without the Broker
- Using DGMGRL

Creating a Data Guard Broker Configuration

- Defining a Data Guard Configuration (overview)
- Setting up the Broker Configuration Files
- Setting the DG_BROKER_START Initialization Parameter to TRUE to start the Data Guard Broker
- Creating the Broker Configuration
- Adding the Standby Database to the Configuration

Creating a Physical Standby Database by Using Enterprise Manager Grid Control

- Using Enterprise Manager Grid Control to Create a Physical Standby Database
- Using the Add Standby Database Wizard
- Verifying a Configuration

GOPAS Praha

Kodaňská 1441/46
101 00 Praha 10
Tel.: +420 234 064 900-3
info@gopas.cz

GOPAS Brno

Nové sady 996/25
602 00 Brno
Tel.: +420 542 422 111
info@gopas.cz

GOPAS Bratislava

Dr. Vladimíra Clementisa 10
Bratislava, 821 02
Tel.: +421 248 282 701-2
info@gopas.sk



Copyright © 2020 GOPAS, a.s.,
All rights reserved

Oracle Database: Data Guard Administration Workshop

- Editing Standby database properties
- Viewing the Data Guard Configuration Status

Creating a Logical Standby Database

- Monitoring the Data Guard Configuration by Using Enterprise Manager Grid Control
- Verifying the Configuration
- Viewing Log File Details
- Using Enterprise Manager Data Guard Metrics
- Using the DGMGRL SHOW CONFIGURATION Command to Monitor the Configuration
- Viewing Standby Redo Log Information
- Monitoring Redo Apply

Creating and Managing a Snapshot Standby Database

- Snapshot Standby Database: Architecture
- Converting a Physical Standby Database to a Snapshot Standby Database
- Activating a Snapshot Standby Database: Issues and Cautions
- Viewing Snapshot Standby Database Information
- Converting a Snapshot Standby Database to a Physical Standby Database

Using Oracle Active Data Guard

- Using Real-Time Query
- Enabling and Disabling Real-Time Query
- Enabling Block Change Tracking on a Physical Standby Database
- Creating Fast Incremental Backups
- Monitoring Block Change Tracking

Configuring Data Protection Modes

- Preparing to Create a Logical Standby Database
- Checking for Unsupported Objects, Data Types, and Tables
- Ensuring Unique Row Identifiers
- Creating the Logical Standby Using SQL Commands and Grid Control
- Securing your Logical Standby Database

Performing Role Transitions

- Contrast switchover vs. failover
- Preparing for a Switchover
- Performing a Switchover using DGMGRL and Enterprise Manager
- Types of Failovers
- Re-enabling Disabled Databases

Using Flashback Database in a Data Guard Configuration

- Overview of Flashback Database
- Configuring Flashback Database
- Using Flashback Database Instead of Apply Delay
- Using Flashback Database and Real Time Apply
- Flashback Through Standby Database Role Transitions
- Using Flashback Database After Failover

Enabling Fast-Start Failover

- Installing the Observer Software
- Configuring Fast-Start Failover
- Configuring Automatic Reinstatement of the Primary Database
- Initiating Fast-Start Failover from an Application
- Disabling Fast-Start Failover
- Starting and Stopping the Observer

GOPAS Praha

Kodaňská 1441/46
101 00 Praha 10
Tel.: +420 234 064 900-3
info@gopas.cz

GOPAS Brno

Nové sady 996/25
602 00 Brno
Tel.: +420 542 422 111
info@gopas.cz

GOPAS Bratislava

Dr. Vladimíra Clementisa 10
Bratislava, 821 02
Tel.: +421 248 282 701-2
info@gopas.sk



Copyright © 2020 GOPAS, a.s.,
All rights reserved

Oracle Database: Data Guard Administration Workshop

- Moving the Observer to a new Host

Managing Client Connectivity

- Understanding Client Connectivity in a Data Guard Configuration
- Preventing Clients from Connecting to the Wrong Database
- Creating Services for the Data Guard Configuration Databases
- Automating Client Failover in a Data Guard Configuration
- Automating Failover for OCI Clients
- Automating Failover for OLE DB Clients
- Configuring JDBC Clients for Failover

Performing Backup and Recovery Considerations in an Oracle Data Guard Configuration

- Backup and Recovery of a Logical Standby Database
- Using the RMAN Recovery Catalog in a Data Guard Configuration
- Creating the Recovery Catalog
- Registering a Database in the Recovery Catalog
- Configuring Daily Incremental Backups
- Using a Backup to Recover a Data File on the Primary Database
- Recovering a Data File on the Standby Database

Patching and Upgrading Databases in a Data Guard Configuration

- Upgrading an Oracle Data Guard Broker Configuration
- Using SQL Apply to Upgrade the Oracle Database
- Performing a Rolling Upgrade by Using SQL Apply
- Performing a Rolling Upgrade by Using an Existing Logical Standby Database
- Performing a Rolling Upgrade by Creating a New Logical Standby Database
- Performing a Rolling Upgrade by Using a Physical Standby Database

Monitoring a Data Guard Configuration

- Monitoring the Data Guard Configuration by Using Enterprise Manager Grid Control
Verifying the Configuration
Viewing Log File Details
- Using Enterprise Manager Data Guard Metrics
- Using the DGMGRL SHOW CONFIGURATION Command to Monitor the Configuration
- Viewing Standby Redo Log Information
- Monitoring Redo Apply

Optimizing a Data Guard Configuration

- Using Enterprise Manager Grid Control to monitor configuration performance
- Setting the ReopenSecs and NetTimeout database properties
- Compressing Redo Data
- Delaying the Application of Redo Data
- Optimizing SQL Apply
- Adjusting the Number of APPLIER and PREPARER processes

GOPAS Praha

Kodaňská 1441/46
101 00 Praha 10
Tel.: +420 234 064 900-3
info@gopas.cz

GOPAS Brno

Nové sady 996/25
602 00 Brno
Tel.: +420 542 422 111
info@gopas.cz

GOPAS Bratislava

Dr. Vladimíra Clementisa 10
Bratislava, 821 02
Tel.: +421 248 282 701-2
info@gopas.sk



Copyright © 2020 GOPAS, a.s.,
All rights reserved